A True and Perfe&

ACCOUNT

Of the Discovery of a Barbarous and Bloody

PLOT

Lately carried on by the

JESUITES

IN

TRELAND,

for the Destroying of the

Duke or Ormand

His Majesties Lord Lieutenant there.

Sent over is a LETTER from DUBLIN, to a

Friend in LONDON.

And confirmed by feveral Persons of Quality in that Nation

with allowance.

Reprinted 1678.

BRADSHAWITE COLL. S 07-14:31

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OPPOPULATION SACACACACACACA

A True account of the Discovery of a Banbarous and Bloody P L O T lately carried onby the F #8 U ITS in Ireland, &c.

SIR

HE Maffacres and Murders committed by the Instigation and Incitement of Popish Priests and Jesuits, are so many, so barbarous and Horrid; that they cannot but minister Astonishment to any sober Christian that lays them to heart. For who can consider without amazement and confusion, that they that stile themselves the Society (and would be esteemed the followers) of the ever Bleffed Jesus, who is the Prince of Peace, should be the only Boutefeus, and Au= thors of Strife and Contention in every place, where once they get but footing? And the Prime instigators, Contrivers and Actors of all those Bloody Massacres and Butcherly Cruelties that have been perpetrated upon the Stage of the Word, on the account of Religis on, fince the days of Ignatius Loyola their first Founder? Can any manchuse but be confounded, to think that those men should take upon themselves the Title of Christians, all whose practices are so diametrically opposite to the Precepts of true Christianity? Christianity commands us to bless them that curse us; but these men curse even those princes, under whose Government they draw their Breath. Christianity commands us to return return good for evil; but these men return evil for good: Christianity commands to pray for them that despitefully use us, but these men have despitefully used and barbarously Murdered those that never harm'd them.

Again, the precepts of Christianity enjoyns us to provoke one another to love, and to good works; but thefe Sons of Satan (for his work, they do, and therefore his Children they are) provoke their simple and deluded Profelytes to Murder, Treason, and Rebellion 5 which last Instance they have too evidently made appear. I doubt not, Sir, but you remember, that about the year 1663, there was a discovery of a certain Defign against the Life of our Lord Lieutenant (which was then his Grace the Duke of Ormond, as you know he is now)& the subversion of the Government, and Firing the Castle and City of Dublin, &c. And for this, one Collonel Teph son and some others were Arraign'd condemn'd, and executed here. This Jeph fon had a Son (whose name was Joseph Jephson) who was sometimes after his athers death put an, Apprentice here in Dublin, where he was brought up in the Protestant Religion, and had his E. ducation in a Civil Family.

This Person the Jesuits resolved to make a Proselyte to the Roman Church, and then doubted not but he would be fit for their purpose, and that they might the more easily gain upon hims they first screw'd themselves into his acquaintance, and pretended a great deal of. Love and kindness to him; by which means he entertain'd a good opinion of them: and the more to indeer their acquaintance to him, and ingratiate themselves with him, they also offered to help him to a Wiseswhich was indeed the only way to gain him: And these Factors

for Hell had provided one for him, against whose Wealth and Beauty he could make no Exceptions - and therefore readily accepts of the Match. And now when Tephion thought upon nothing but being Married, there was a difficulty started that he was not a ware of, which was; that this Gentlewoman had made a Vow never to Marry any person but a Roman Catholick 5 and therefore he must either lose his Love or Change his Religion: In this doubtful case he repairs to his old Friends (the lesuites) and tells them what Obstructions he met with, and defires their advices which you may eafily guels, was to change his Religion. For now they open themselves to him, and tell him that the salva ion of his Soul was as well concerned therein, as the obtaining of his Mistris ; and therefore advised him to hesitate no longer about its giving him feveral other rea ons to Iway him to take their advice but whether it were the force of their Reasons, or the desire of obtaining his Mistris, that prevailed with him most, I am not able to determine, though I rather think it was the latter: However it was, he renounces the Protestant Religion, and declares himself a Papist; and now the Gentlewoman may Marry him, and yet not break her, Vow: In expectation whereof, he addresses himself to her, and gives her an account of his Converfion, (as he term'd it.) But the yong man found himself extreamly deceived, for their arose another Remora much more insuperable than the former. For he having declar d himselfa Papist, they now thought themselves fure of him, and were resolved in the first place to have their designs upon him; and now an opportunity. as they thought, presented it self. fire For you must know the Jesuits in Ineland are carrying on the same design as those in England; and because the Killing of the Lord Lieutenant (which tis strongly presumed they design'd) was a difficult and hazardons undertaking, they agreed to make this Novice Repbson the Instrument of it; a Young and Rich Wise they knew was the Bait that drew him to change his Religion; and they were resolved upon the same account to draw him in to commit this Execrable Murder.

And therefore when Jephson urged that he might be Married, seeing he was become a Romanist, they told him that he was too hafty: For he must first do something to affure her of the truth of his Conversion. They told him that he had done very well to come into the Bosom of the Mother Church, out of which there was. no Salvations but yet till he had done some noble and Meritorious Act to confirm his Faith, they should hardly believe his Conversion to be real. They told him also, that now there was an opportunity presented it felf, wherin he might do God and the Church very great Service, and fave his own Soul besides; and that was, in avenging his Fathers Blood upon the Duke of Ormond: Adding, that God and Nature feem'd to have ordained him for that very works and that his Father must expect no Redemption from Purgatory, nor himfelf any hopes of obtaining his mistres, till he had effested its (this is confidently reported to have been the method of the proceedings.)

Though this proposal did at first startle the Young man; yet either overcome by their perswasions, or out of a desire of Revenge, or (which I rather think) in

hopes

hopes to obtain his Mistris, he resolves upon this desperate Attempt; which was to be done, as the faid either by Shooting the Duke out of a Gamer window, as he went to christ-church, or in the Crowd going back, or in his Closer, or by Dogging him when he went privatly abroad, and then to dispach him by Shor, with a Horse

wellMounted to bring him off.

But after the heat of his first Resolution was a little over, the hazard and difficutly of the Attempt did fome= what discourage him 3 and then it pleased God to open his Conscience, (which was not yet quite seared,) and let him fee his own rashness in undertaking to commit fo Execrable a Wickedness, and the subtil Delusions of the Jesuits in alluring him thereto.

In this perplexity of Spirit, full of Grief and Distraction, he applyed himself to a worthy Magistrate of this City, to whom he discovered what I have here acquaints ed you with : Adding, that the names of the Jesuits which put him a upon it, were Pluncket and Courns where. upon they were immediatly seized upon, and carried to

Prison in order to their Tryals.

I hope Sir, this Letter will not feem troublesom to you, fince by it we may fee, that let men lay their wick. ed designs as deep as Hell, yet our gracious God (to whose all feeing eye nothing can be hid) dayly discovers them. and brings to light these hidden works of darkness ; I hope God will preserve our King, Church and State, and cause all wicked contrivers of Mischief to be taken and fnar'd in the works of their own hands. This is the day. ly Prayer of Sir.

Dublin, Jan, 10th. 1678.

Your most Hamble and most Oblidged Friend and Servant

N. A.